RTD Temperature Sensor omnigrad M TR 11

RTD assembly without extension neck With thermowell and replaceable insert PCP (4...20 mA), HART® or PROFIBUS-PA® electronics





















The TR 11 Omnigrad M range temperature series are resistance thermometers designed for use in the fine chemicals industry but also suitable for general applications.

They are made up of a measurement probe with a protection well, and a housing, which may contain the transmitter for conversion of the variable measured.

Features and benefits

- SS 316L/1.4404 e SS 316Ti/1.4571 for "wetted" parts
- The most common threaded process connection as standard; others are available upon request
- Customized immersion length
- Surface finishing down to Ra < 0.8 μm
- Replaceable mineral insulated insert
- Tip of the thermowell with a reduced diameter or tapered for a faster response time

- Stainless steel, aluminium or plastic housing, with protection grade from IP65 to IP67
- PCP (4...20 mA, also with enhanced accuracy), HART® and PROFIBUS-PA® 2-wire transmitters
- Pt 100 sensing element with class A accuracy (DIN EN 60751) or 1/3 DIN B
- Pt 100 wire wound (-200...600°C) or thin film (-50...400°C)
- Double Pt 100, for redundancy purposes
- Single Pt 100 with 4 wires connection, double Pt 100 with 3 wires
- ATEX 1 GD EEx ia certification
- Material certification (3.1.B)
- Pressure test
- EA Calibration Certificate



Areas of application

- Fine chemicals industry
- Light energy industry
- Food industry
- General industrial services

Function and system design

Measuring principleIn the RTD (Resistance Temperature Detector) thermometers the sensing element consists of an
electrical resistance with value of 100 Ω at 0°C (called Pt 100, in compliance with standard DIN
EN 60751), which increases at higher temperatures according to a coefficient characteristic of the
resistor material (platinum). In industrial thermometers that comply with the DIN EN 60751 stand-
ard, the value of this coefficient is α = 3.85*10⁻³ °C⁻¹, calculated between 0 and 100°C.

Equipment architecture

The Omnigrad M TR 11 temperature sensor is made up of a measurement probe, with a protection thermowell and a housing (head), which may contain a transmitter or the terminals on the ceramic block for electrical connection.

Construction of the sensor is based on the following standards: DIN 43729 (housing), 43735 (probe) and in part 43772 (thermowell), and can therefore guarantee a good level of resistance to the typical stresses of the most common industrial processes.

The measurement probe (replaceable insert) is placed inside the thermowell; the insert is spring loaded to its base in order to improve heat transfer. The sensing element (Pt 100) is positioned close to the tip of the probe.

The thermowell is made from a tube with a diameter of 9, 11 or 12 mm. The final part can be straight, tapered (i.e. with a gradual reduction of the stem achieved thanks to a swaging procedure), or reduced (stepped).

The TR 11 can be fitted onto the plant (tube or tank) through the use of a threaded connection, which can be chosen from the most common models (see the section "Structure of the components").



Fig. 1: TR 11 with the various types of heads, process connections and end parts of the thermowell

The electrical structure of the thermometer always complies with DIN EN 60751 standard rules. The sensing element is available in two versions with a thin film (TF) or wire wound (WW), the latter with a large measuring and accuracy range.

The housing can be of different types and materials (plastic, painted aluminium alloy, stainless steel). The way in which it fits to thermowell and the cable gland ensure a minimum grade of IP65 (Ingress Protection).

Material

Wetted parts in SS 316L/1.4404 or SS 316Ti/1.4571.

Weight

From 0.5 to 2.5 kg for standard options.

Electronics

The required type of output signal can be obtained by choosing the correct head-mounted transmitter.

Endress+Hauser supplies "state-of-the-art" transmitters (the iTEMP® series) built in 2-wire technology and with 4...20 mA output signal, HART® or PROFIBUS-PA®. All of the transmitters can be easily programmed using a personal computer through the ReadWin® 2000 public domain software (for transmitters 4...20 mA and HART®) or the Commuwin II software (for PROFIBUS-PA® transmitters). The HART® transmitters can also be programmed with the hand-held operating module DXR 275 (Universal HART® Communicator).

A PCP (4...20 mA, TMT 180) model with enhanced accuracy is available.

In the case of PROFIBUS-PA® transmitters, E+H recommends the use of PROFIBUS® dedicated connectors. The Weidmüller type (Pg 13.5 - M12) is provided as a standard option.

For detailed information about transmitters, please refer to the relevant documentation (refer to the TI codes at the end of the document).

If a head-mounted transmitter is not employed, the sensor probe can be connected through the terminal block to a remote converter (i.e. DIN rail transmitter).

Performance

Operating conditions	Ambient temperature (housing without head-mounted transmitter)	40 - 12000							
	metal housingsplastic housings	-40÷130°C -40÷85°C							
	· plastic housings	-40÷00 0							
	Ambient temperature (housing with head-mounted transmitter)	-40÷85°C							
	Ambient temperature (housing with display)	-20÷70°C							
	Process temperature								
	Same of measurement range (see below).								
	Maximum processo procedure								
	Maximum process pressure The pressure values to which the thermowell can be subjected at the various temperatures are								
	The pressure values to which the thermowell can be subjected at the various temperatures are illustrated by the drawings in figures 2 and 3. For 9 mm diameter pipes, with a limited flow velocity,								
	the maximum tolerated pressures are the following:	, , ,							
	• 50 bar	at 20°C							
	• 33 bar	at 250°C							
	• 24 bar	at 400°C.							
	Maximum flow velocity								
	The highest flow velocity tolerated by the thermowell diminishes with	h increasing lengths of the							
	well/probe exposed to the stream of the fluid. Some information may be taken from the graphs in								
	figures 2 and 3.								
	Shock and vibration resistance								
	According to DIN EN 60751	3 g peak / 10÷500 Hz							



Fig. 2: Pressure drawing/temperature for thermowell with straight tube Ø 11 mm in SS 316Ti/1.4571





Measurement range	Type TF Type WW	-50400°C -200_600°C							
	The "4 wires" configuration, provided as a standard additional errors in every condition (eg. deep immers head-mounted transmitter). Generally speaking, in t guarantee of accuracy. The "2 wires" connection, used in the version of the A ^T error due to the resistance of the copper conductors ance is added to the value of the Pt 100. The incide with the increase of the insertion length.	ion lengths, long connecting cables without he "4 wires" configuration there is a higher TEX certified insert may create an additional of the mineral insulated cable; such resist-							
	See the corresponding documentation (codes at the end of the document). <u>Display maximum error</u> 0.1% FSR + 1 digit								
	(t = absolute value of the temperature in °C)	0.5 -200 -100 0 100 200 300 400 500 600 C							
		1.5. Class A (°C) 7							
	Probe maximum error (type WW) • cl. A 3σ = 0.15+0.0020Itl -200600°C	2.5 2.0 10							
	$ \begin{array}{ll} \bullet \ cl. \ 1/3 \ DIN \ B \\ 3\sigma = 0.10 + 0.0017 \ lt \\ 3\sigma = 0.15 + 0.0020 \ lt \\ 3\sigma = 0.30 + 0.0050 \ lt \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{ll} 0 \dots 100^{\circ}C \\ -50 \dots 0 \ / \ 100 \dots 250^{\circ}C \\ 250 \dots 400^{\circ}C \\ \end{array} $	1.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 Class A (°C) 1/3 DIN B (°C) 200 250 300 350 400 °C							
Accuracy	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Probe maximum error (type TF)} \\ \bullet \ cl. \ A \\ 3\sigma = 0.15 + 0.0020 lt & -50250^{\circ} C \\ 3\sigma = 0.30 + 0.0050 lt & 250400^{\circ} C \end{array}$	Class B (°C)							

Measurement range	Туре TF	-50400°C	
	Type WW	-200600°C	

Response time

Tests in water at 0.4 m/s (according to DIN EN 60751; 23 to 33°C step changes)::

Diameter of the stem (mm)	Pt 100 Type	Response time	Reduced tip	Tapered tip	Straight tip
9	TF / WW	t50	7.5	11	18
3		teo	21	37	55
11		t50	7.5	-	18
11	TF / WW	teo	21	-	55
10		t50	-	10	38
12	TF / WW	t90	-	24	125

Insulation

Insulation resistance between terminals and probe sheath (according to DIN EN 60751, test voltage 250 V)

above 100 $\text{M}\Omega$ at 25°C above 10 $\text{M}\Omega$ at 300°C

Self heating

Negligible when the E+H iTEMP® transmitters are employed.

Installation

The Omnigrad M TR 11 thermometers can be mounted on pipes, vessels or other plant parts that may be necessary.

The lack of an extension neck may expose the housing to potential overheating. Therefore, it is necessary to make sure that the temperature of the head does not exceed the limit values defined in paragraph "Operating conditions".

The interface components for the connection to the process and the relative gaskets are not normally provided with the sensors and are customer's responsibility.

In the case of ATEX-certified components (transmitter, insert), please refer to the relevant documentation (refer to the code at the end of this document).

Immersion depth may have an effect on the accuracy of the measurement. If the immersion is too low, an error may be generated in the temperature recorded due to the lower temperature of the process fluid near to the walls and heat transfer, which takes place through the sensor stem.

The incidence of such an error can be not negligible if there is a big difference between the process temperature and the ambient temperature. In order to avoid this source of inaccuracy, the thermowell should have a small diameter and the immersion length (L) should be, if possible, at least 80÷100 mm.

In pipes of a small section the axis line of the duct must be reached and if possible slightly exceeded by the tip of the probe (refer to fig. 4A-4B). Insulation of the outer part of the sensor reduces the effect produced by a low immersion. Another solution may be a tilted installation (see fig. 4C-4D). For use in the food industry, it is best to follow the rule $h \le d/2$.



Fig. 4: Installation examples

In the case of two-phase flows, pay special attention to the choice of measurement point, as there may be fluctuations in the value of the detected temperature.

Regarding corrosion, the basic material of the wetted parts (SS 316L/1.4404, SS 316Ti/1.4571) is capable to tolerate the common corrosive media right up to even the highest temperatures. For further information on specific applications, please contact the E+H Customer Service Department.

When reassembling sensor components that have previously been disassembled, it is necessary to apply the recommended torques. This will assure the housings with the grade of IP grade protection defined.

When the surrounding environment has a high humidity rate and the process is at low temperature, a plastic housing is recommended (i.e. model TA20B) to avoid problems due to condensation.

In the case of vibrations the thin film sensing element (TF) may offer advantages, but the behaviour depends on the intensity, the direction and the dominating frequency in the vibration mode.

The wire wound Pt 100 with wire wound (WW), besides having a large measurement and accuracy range, ensures greater long term stability.

System components

Housing

The housing, which contains the electric terminals or the transmitter, is available in different types and materials, e.g. plastic, painted aluminium alloy and stainless steel. The coupling method with the rest of the probe and the gland for the cable entry ensures a minimum IP65 grade (refer also to fig. 5).

All available heads have internal geometry according to DIN 43729 standard (form B), and thermometer connection M24x1.5.

Head type TA20A is the basic E+H aluminium housing for temperature sensors. It is supplied in the E+H corporate colours, without any extra charge.

Head TA20B is a black polyamide housing, sometimes referred to as the BBK in the "Temperature" market.

A screw cap is employed in TA21E and is joined to the head body by a chain.

The TA20D head type (aluminium), also referred to as BUZH, is able to contain a terminal block and a transmitter or two transmitters at the same time. The order of the double transmitter must be carried out by choosing the option "flying wires" in the sales structure, and two transmitters in a separate position (THT1, see the table at the end of the document).

The TA20J head is a stainless steel housing used in other instruments made by E+H and can be provided with a LCD display (4 digits), which operates with 4...20 mA transmitters.

The TA20R is normally recommended by the Temperature division of E+H for hygienic applications.

The TA20W (BUS type) is a round blue/grey coloured head made of aluminium, with a clip for the cap closure.

The cable gland M20x1.5 provided with the housings, is compatible with cables of a diameter between 5 and 9 mm.

Housing Type	IP	Housing Type	IP	Housing Type	IP	Housing Type	IP
	66 67	TA20B	65		66 67	TA20W	66
8 F VOLT		TA208-9-06-06		TA20R_0_dd_00		TA20W_9_dd	
TA20J	66 67	TA20J (display)	66 67	TA20D	66	TA21E	65
108 8 8 8 8 8		108 108 100 m 6 m 7 m 7 m		113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113		8 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	

Fig. 5: Housings and relative IP grade

Head Transmitter	The head-mounted transmitters available are (also refer to the section "Electronics" section):							
	• TMT 180	PCP 420 mA						
	• TMT 181	PCP 420 mA						
	• TMT 182	Smart HART®						
	• TMT 184	PROFIBUS-PA®.						
	The TMT 180 and TMT 181 (see Fig. 6) are PC programmable transmitters.	-0.0° (C) is the term						

The TMT 180 is also available in a version with enhanced accuracy (0.1°C vs. 0.2°C) in the temperature range -50...250°C, and in a version with a fixed measurement range (specified by the customer in the order phase).

The TMT 182 output consists of 4...20 mA and HART® superimposed signals.

For the TMT 184 (fig. 7) with PROFIBUS-PA® output signal, the communication address may be set via software or via mechanical dip-switch. The customer may specify the configuration desired during the order phase.



Fig. 6: TMT 180-181-182



Process connection

Standard connections are available in the following types:

- M20x1.5
- G 1/2" DIN 43772 (DIN 3852 form 2G/3G)
- G 3/8", G 1/2" and G 3/4" BSP cylindrical
- 1/2" and 3/4" NPT.

Other versions may be supplied upon request. Figure 8 illustrates the engaging lengths.



Fig. 8: Engaging lengths

Probe

In the TR 11 the measuring probe is made up of a mineral (MgO) insulated insert positioned inside the thermowell.

The insert length is available in the standard dimensions DIN 43772 and in the most commonly used ones, or it can be personalized by the client within a range of values (refer to "Sales Structure" at the end of the document).

For replacement, the length of the insert (IL) must be chosen in compliance with the immersion length (L) of the thermowell. If spare parts are required, refer to the following table:

Tip of the sensor	Insert	Insert Diameter	Insert Length (mm)
Straight on Ø 9	TPR 100	6 mm	IL = L+45
Reduced / tapered on Ø 9	TPR 100	3 mm	IL = L+45
Straight on Ø 11	TPR 100	6 mm	IL = L+45
Tapered on Ø 11	TPR 100	3 mm	IL = L+45
Straight on Ø 12	TPR 100	6 mm	IL = L+45
Tapered on Ø 12	TPR 100	6 mm	IL = L+45

Although the wiring diagram of single Pt 100s is always supplied with 4 wires configuration, the connection of a trasmitter can be executed with 3 wires as well, by avoiding to connect whichever of the terminals. The configuration Pt 100 double with 2 wires is only available for the ATEX certified inserts.

With regards to the thermowell, the surface roughness (Ra) of the wetted parts in contact with process fluid is $0.8 \mu m$, while the various kinds of tips (reduced or tapered) are described in figure 9; if ordered as spare part, the thermowell is called TW 11 (see the code of the relative TI at the end of the document).

The reduced version "5x20 mm" (type R) is not recommended for the Pt 100 wire wound.

The use of standard lengths of immersion allows for the use of the inserts on sensors of various kinds and guarantees rapid delivery times this allows our customers to reduce the amount of spare parts to be kept on stock.



Fig. 9: Reductions (on the left) and tapers (on the right) of the thermowell



Fig. 10: Functional components



Fig. 11: Standard electrical diagrams (ceramic terminal block)

Certificates & Approvals

Ex Approval	ATEX Certificate KEMA 01 ATEX1169 X (1 GD IIC EEx ia T6T1 T85450°C). With regards to the NAMUR NE 24 certificate and the Compliance Statement according to the standard EN 50020, E+H Customer Service will be able to provide further detailed information.
PED Approval	The Pressure Equipment Directive (97/23/CE) is respected. As paragraph 2.1 of article 1 is not applicable to these types of instruments, the CE mark is not requested for the TR 11 destined for general use.
Material Certification	The material certificate 3.1.B (according to standard EN 10204) can be directly selected from the sale structure of the product and refers to the parts of the sensor in contact with the process fluid. Other types of certificates related to materials can be requested separately. The "short form" certificate includes a simplified declaration with no enclosures of documents related to the materials used in the construction of the sensor and guarantees the traceability of the materials through the identification number of the thermometer. The data related to the origin of the materials can subsequently be requested by the client if necessary.
Test on the thermowell	The pressure tests are carried out at ambient temperature in order to verify the resistance of the thermowell to the specifications indicated by the norm DIN 43772. With regards to the thermowells that do not comply with this norm (with a reduced tip, a tapered tip on a 9 mm tube, special dimensions,), the pressure of the corresponding straight tube with similar dimensions is verified. The sensors certified for the Ex Zones, are always tested to the pressure according to the same criterions. Tests at different pressures can be carried out upon request. The liquid penetrant test verifies the absence of crevices on the weldings of the thermowell.
Test report and Calibration	With regards to the tests and calibration, the "Inspection Report" consists of a compliance decla- ration for the essential points of the standard DIN EN 60751. The "Factory calibration" is carried out in an authorised laboratory EA (European Accreditation) of E+H according to an internal procedure. A calibration may be requested according to an accred- ited procedure EA (SIT calibration). Calibration is carried out on the thermometer insert.

Further details

Maintenance	The Omnigrad M thermometers do not require any specific maintenance. In the case of ATEX certified components (transmitter, insert) please refer to the corresponding specific relevant documentation (refer to the code at the end of the document).
Delivery time	For small quantities (approx. 10 units) and standard options, from 5 to 20 days depending on the configuration required.

Ordering Information

Sales structure	TR11		1	-	ertific		
		A					
		B C					a IIC certified JR NE 24
		D					claration acc. standard EN 50020
			Hea	d Ma	aterial,	CC	onduit, IP grade
			А				ium, conduit M20x1.5, IP66/IP67
			4 2				ium, PROFIBUS® connector, IP66 ium, conduit 1/2" NPT, IP66/IP67
			7				mide, black, conduit M20x1.5, IP65
			Е				ium, screw cap, M20x1.5, IP65
			6 5				iium, high cap, conduit M20x1.5, IP66 iium, high cap, PROFIBUS® connector, IP66
			8				ium, high cap, conduit 1/2" NPT, IP66
			J				L, conduit M20x1.5, IP66/IP67
			K M				L, with display, conduit M20x1.5, IP66/IP67 L, PROFIBUS® connector, IP66
			R				SL, screw cap, conduit M20x1.5, IP66/IP67
			S				SL, screw cap, PROFIBUS® connector, IP66
			W				nium, round cap, clip, conduit M20x1.5, IP66
			Y		cial ver		
				Pip A	e diam Pipe di		ter, type of material neter: 9 mm, material: SS 316L/1.4404
				D	Pipe d		
				В	Pipe d		,
				E F	Pipe d Pipe d		
				г Ү	Specia		
					Proce		s connection and material
							erial must be the same as the material of the pipe)
					BG M		,
							/2" A DIN 43772 Process connection, Material: SS 316Ti /8" BSP (cyl.) Process connection, Material: SS 316L
							/2" BSP (cyl.) Process connection, Material: SS 316L
					CB G		/4" BSP (cyl.) Process connection, Material: SS 316L
							NPT Process connection, Material: SS 316L
							NPT Process connection, Material: SS 316L icial version
							be of tip
					S		Straight tip without reduction
					R		Reduced tip, $L \ge 45$ mm (from 9 mm tube in SS 316Ti)
					M		Reduced tip, L >= 65 mm (from 9 and 11 mm tube in SS 316Ti) Tapered tip, L >= 85 mm (from 9 mm tube in SS 316Ti
					Ŵ	,	Tapered tip, $L \ge 105$ mm in compliance with DIN 43772 form 3G
					V		(from 12 mm tube in SS 316Ti/1.4571)
					Y	- 1	Special version
							Immersion length (50-3700) U 100 mm, immersion length L
							B 170 mm, immersion length L
							C 230 mm, immersion length L
							D 270 mm, immersion length L
							E 330 mm, immersion length L F 390 mm, immersion length L
							K 510 mm, immersion length L
							X immersion length L to specify
							Y immersion length L special
							Ceramic terminal or transmitter
							F Flying leads
							C Ceramic terminal block 2 TMT180-A21, fixed range, from to°C,
							accuracy 0.2 K, span limit: -200650°C
							3 TMT180-A22, fixed range, from to°C,
							accuracy 0.1 K, span limit: -50250°C 4 TMT180-A11, programmable, from to°C
		1	1			1	

5 P Q T S V	accura TMT18 PCP, 2- TMT18 PCP AT TMT18 HART@ TMT18 HART@ TMT18 PROFIE TMT18	(1-A, prog -wires, is 1-B, prog TEX, 2-wi 2-A, prog 2-B, prog 2-B, prog ATEX, 2 4-A, prog BUS-PA (4-B, prog 4-B, prog	spar gramn olatec gramn res, is gramn s, isola gramn 2-wires gramn 0, 2-w gramn	mable from to°C, solated mable from to°C lated mable from to°C es, isolated mable, from to°C
	3 1 7 1 B 2 C 1 D 2 F 2 G 1 Y St	Pt 100, T Pt 100, T Pt 100, V Pt 100, V Pt 100, V Pt 100, V Pt 100, V Pt 100, V pecial	F F VW VW VW VW	class A, - 50/400°C 4 wires Class I/3 DIN B, - 50/400°C 4 wires Class A, - 200/600°C 3 wires Class A, - 200/600°C 3 wires Class A, - 200/600°C 4 wires Class A, - 200/600°C 2 wires Class A, - 200/600°C 2 wires Class 1/3 DIN B, - 200/600°C 3 wires Class 1/3 DIN B, - 200/600°C 4 wires Version
	0 1 2 9	Mate 3.1.B 3.1.B Spec	rial ce EN10 EN10 ial ver	ification ertificate not requested 0204, certificate for "wetted" parts 0204, "short form" for "wetted" parts ersion thermowell
		0 A B C	Test o Hydro Hydro Dye p	on thermowell not requested ostatic internal pressure test on the thermowell ostatic external pressure test on the thermowell penetrant test on thermowell weldings cial version
			0 ⁻ 1 2 A B C F G	and calibration on the insert Test and calibration not requested Inspection report on sensor Inspection report on loop Factory calibration, RTD single, 0-100°C Factory calibration, single RTD, loop, 0-100°C Factory calibration, double RTD, 0-100°C Factory calibration, single RTD, 0-100-150°C Factory calibration, single RTD, loop, 0-100-150°C Factory calibration, double RTD, 0-100-150°C Factory calibration, double RTD, 0-100-150°C Factory calibration, double RTD, 0-100-150°C Special version
				Marking Tagging according to customer specifications

Sales structure

THT1	Mode	d version of the head transmitter							
	A11	T180-A11 programmable fromto°C, accuracy 0.2 K, span limit -200650°C							
	A12	TMT180-A12 programmable fromto°C, accuracy 0.1 K, span limit -50250°C							
	A13	T180-A21AA fixed range, accuracy 0.2 K, span 050°C							
	A14	T180-A21AB fixed range, accuracy 0.2 K, span 0100°C							
	A15	T180-A21AC fixed range, accuracy 0.2 K, span 0150°C							
	A16	T180-A21AD fixed range, accuracy 0.2 K, span 0250°C							
	A17	T180-A22AA fixed range, accuracy 0.1 K, span 050°C							
	A18	T180-A22AB fixed range, accuracy 0.1 K, span 0100°C							
	A19	T180-A22AC fixed range, accuracy 0.1 K, span 0150°C							
	A20	T180-A22AD fixed range, accuracy 0.1 K, span 0250°C							
	F11	T181-A PCP, 2-wires, isolated, programmable fromto°C							
	F21	T181-B PCP ATEX, 2-wires, isolated, programmable fromto°C							
	F22	TMT181-C PCP FM IS, 2-wires, isolated, programmable fromto°C							
	F23	TMT181-D PCP CSA, 2-wires, isolated, programmable fromto°C							
	L11	TMT182-A HART®, 2-wires, isolated, programmable fromto°C							
	L21	TMT182-B HART® ATEX, 2-wires, isolated, programmable fromto°C							
	L22	TMT182-C HART® FM IS, 2-wires, isolated, programmable fromto°C							
	L23	TMT182-D HART® CSA, 2-wires, isolated, programmable fromto°C							
	K11	T184-A PROFIBUS-PA®, 2-wires, programmable fromto°C							
	K21	T184-B PROFIBUS-PA® ATEX, 2-wires, programmable fromto°C							
	K23	T184-C PROFIBUS-PA® FM IS, 2-wires, programmable fromto°C							
	K24	T184-D PROFIBUS-PA® CSA, 2-wires, programmable fromto°C							
	YYY	ecial transmitter							
		plication and services							
		Assembled into position							
		Special version							
THT1-		Complete order code							

Supplementary Documentation

- □ RTD thermometers Omnigrad TST General Information
- □ Terminal housings Omnigrad TA 20
- □ Temperature head transmitter iTEMP® Pt TMT 180
- □ Temperature head transmitter iTEMP® PCP TMT 181
- □ Temperature head transmitter iTEMP® HART® TMT 182
- □ Temperature head transmitter iTEMP® PA TMT 184
- □ RTD insert for temperature sensor Omniset TPR 100
- D Thermowell for temperature sensor Omnigrad M TW 11
- Safety instructions for use in hazardous areas
- E+H Thermolab Calibration certificates for industrial thermometers. RTD and thermocouples

TI 088T/02/en TI 072T/02/en TI 088R/09/en TI 070R/09/en TI 079R/09/en TI 068T/02/en TI 262T/02/it XA 003T/02/z1

TI 236T/02/en

Subject to modification

Endress+Hauser Gmbh+Co. Instruments International P.O. Box 2222 D-79574 Weil am Rhein Germany

Tel. (07621) 975-02 Tx 773926 Fax (07621) 975 345 http://www.endress.com info@ii.endress.com

